Appropriate Filtering for Education settings



June 2016

Provider Checklist Reponses

Schools in England (and Wales) are required "to ensure children are safe from terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet in school, including by establishing appropriate levels of *filtering*"¹. Furthermore, the Department for Education published the revised statutory guidance 'Keeping Children Safe in Education'² in May 2016 (and active from 5th September 2016) for schools and colleges in England. Amongst the revisions, schools are obligated to "ensure appropriate filters and appropriate monitoring systems are in place. Children should not be able to access harmful or inappropriate material from the school or college's IT system" however, schools will need to "be careful that "over blocking" does not lead to unreasonable restrictions as to what children can be taught with regards to online teaching and safeguarding."

By completing all fields and returning to UK Safer Internet Centre (enquiries@saferinternet.org.uk), the aim of this document is to help filtering providers to illustrate to education settings (including Early years, schools and FE) how their particular technology system(s) meets the national defined 'appropriate filtering standards. Fully completed forms will be hosted on the UK Safer Internet Centre website alongside the definitions

It is important to recognise that no filtering systems can be 100% effective and need to be supported with good teaching and learning practice and effective supervision.

| Company / Organisation | | ndon Grid for Learning own as LGfL, TRUSTnet or LGfL TRUSTnet | |
|------------------------|---|--|--|
| Address | LGfL, CI Tower, St George's Square, New Malden, KT3 4TE | | |
| Contact details | 020 82 555 555 (option 9) | | |
| Filtering System | WebScreen [™] 2.0 | | |
| | (incorporating NetS) | weeper and Fortinet technologies) | |
| Date of assessment | 17 June 2016 | | |
| System Rating response | | | |

system nating tesponse

| Where a supplier is able to confirm that their service fully meets the issue | |
|---|--|
| identified in a specific checklist the appropriate self-certification colour for that | |
| question is GREEN. | |
| Where a supplier is not able to confirm that their service fully meets the issue | |
| identified in a specific checklist question the appropriate self-certification colour | |
| for that question is AMBER. | |

² <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2</u>

¹ Revised Prevent Duty Guidance: for England and Wales, 2015,

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/445977/3799_Revised_Prev ent Duty Guidance England Wales V2-Interactive.pdf

Illegal Online Content

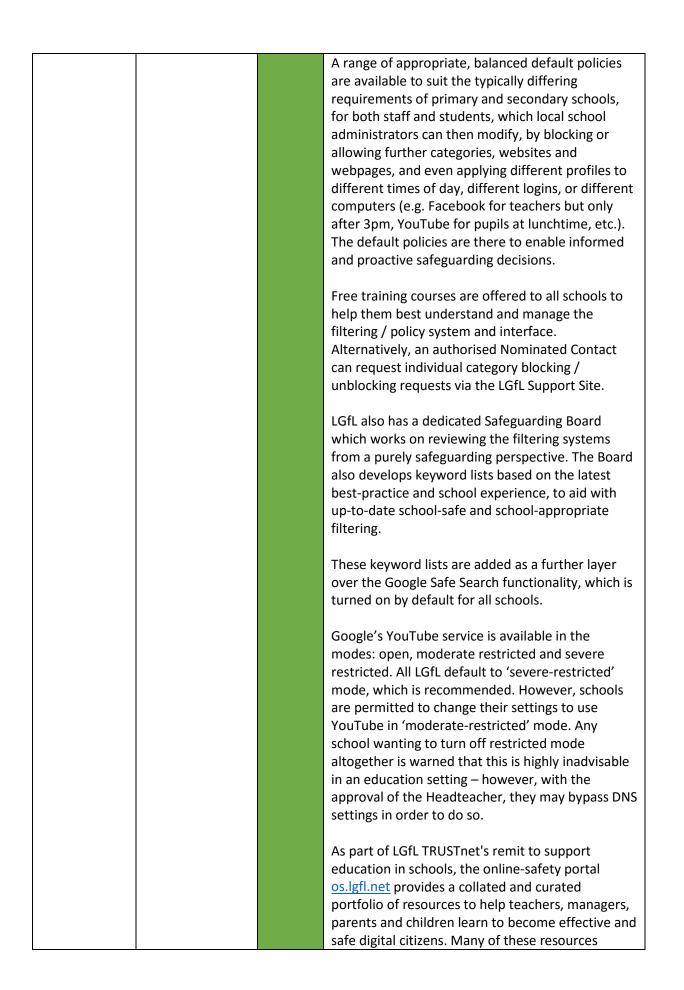
Filtering providers should ensure that access to illegal content is blocked, specifically that the filtering providers:

| Aspect | Rating | Explanation |
|---|--------|---|
| Are IWF members | | WebScreen [™] 2.0, the internet filtering solution |
| | | applied to the LGfL TRUSTnet network, uses URL |
| | | filtering from NetSweeper and Fortinet, which are |
| | | both IWF members. |
| | | Furthermore, LGfL is currently exploring closer |
| | | partnership working with the IWF. |
| and block access to illegal | | The IWF CAIC list is actively implemented by |
| Child Abuse Images (by | | NetSweeper. |
| actively implementing the | | This is an always-on feature to comply with |
| IWF CAIC list) | | legislation and ensure safeguarding for school staff |
| | | and students – it cannot be turned off by schools. |
| Integrate the 'the police | | This is applied to WebScreen [™] 2.0 directly by our |
| assessed list of unlawful | | support partner Atomwide. |
| terrorist content, produced | | This is an always-on feature to comply with |
| on behalf of the Home | | legislation and ensure safeguarding for school staff |
| Office' | | and students – it cannot be turned off by schools. |

Inappropriate Online Content

Recognising that no filter can guarantee to be 100% effective, providers should both confirm, and describe how, their system manages the following content

| Content | Explanatory notes – Content that: | Rating | Explanation |
|----------------|--|--------|---|
| Discrimination | Promotes the unjust or prejudicial treatment of people on the grounds of race, religion, age, or sex. | | LGfL's WebScreen [™] 2.0 filtering product categorises web content into one or more distinct categories (see Appendix 1), which may (or may not, subject to other local or regional legal obligation or precedent) then be blocked or allowed according to the assigned category/ies, individual URL/s, or the policies defined by the school. Websites unequivocally identified as illegal or a network security risk are automatically categorised and blocked. This cannot be changed by a school. Where a website has been established as <u>potentially</u> inappropriate, however, or if it falls into a high-risk or other category which is blocked by default, a school may take an informed decision to allow these sites in one or more policies. This might be to enable discussion of certain themes in lessons, or where a site's appropriateness may depend upon the age and maturity of users. |



| Violence | Displays or | |
|-------------|-------------------|---|
| | - | See above |
| | eating disorders) | |
| | suicide and | |
| | harm (including | |
| | deliberate self | |
| | displays | |
| Self Harm | promotes or | See above |
| | material | |
| theft | copyrighted | |
| copyright | provision of | |
| Piracy and | includes illegal | See above |
| | images | |
| | acts or explicit | |
| Pornography | displays sexual | See above |
| | content | |
| | hosting malicious | |
| | well as sites | |
| | bypass tools as | |
| | other filter | |
| | browsing and | |
| | anonymous | |
| | systems including | |
| Hacking | compromising of | |
| Malware / | promotes the | See above |
| | intolerance | |
| | violence or | |
| | ideologies, | |
| | terrorist | |
| | terrorism and | |
| Extremism | promotes | See above |
| Fortune 11 | substances | Coophaue |
| | drugs or | |
| abuse | illegal use of | |
| Substance | promotes the | |
| Drugs / | displays or | See above |
| D (| | propaganda). |
| | | online experiences (contact, content and |
| | | skills in Primary and Secondary pupils about their |
| | | with Childnet) aims to engender critical-thinking |
| | | grooming; ' <u>Trust Me</u> ' (developed in partnership |
| | | from exposure to extremist material and potential |
| | | <u>conversations</u> ' deals with specific online threats |
| | | overblocking: <u>'Counter-Extremism: narratives and</u> |
| | | to the balancing act of safeguarding vs |
| | | LGfL resources are particularly relevant in relation |
| | | community and a variety of providers, but two |
| | | Resources are drawn from the entire online-safety |
| | | |
| | | risk, in recognition of the dangers of overblocking. |
| | | reflect the management of, rather avoidance of |

| of physical force |
|-------------------|
| intended to hurt |
| or kill |

This list should not be considered an exhaustive list. Please outline how the system manages this content and many other aspects.

WebScreen[™] 2.0 utilises the strengths of its underlying technology partners, NetSweeper and Fortinet, but then expands those strengths, and regionalises the results, so that they better suit the UK education sector.

To expand on the capabilities described elsewhere in this response, WebScreen[™] 2.0 offers:

Extra 'localised' and specialist web site categories not typically found in commercial filtering, and offering better compatibility with schools' needs.

A devolved hierarchy of central/local policies, that can be adopted and then modified by the local establishment to best suit its particular circumstances, or used in their default state for those with no need or desire to localise the filtered experience.

Data Controller authorisation, which is sought for certain 'high risk' categories, in order to ensure that a full awareness exists within (for instance) a school's Senior Leadership Team, of any polices being deployed that may represent a higher risk than is typically deemed acceptable.

Highly granular settings can enable filtering policies to differentiate between such status as staff and students, locations, times of day, the nature of physical and wireless connections, specific devices by type or ID, and can also conveniently accommodate USO account-holding visitors from other establishments, or non-USO account holding 'Guests' via a range of options.

The service is extremely well documented, and transparent (except where negated by legal or other obligation) in its application of site categorisation and policy application, management and governance.

Providers should be clear how their system does not over block access so it does not lead to unreasonable restrictions

WebScreen[™] 2.0's content categorisation is a continuous ongoing process, supported by NetSweeper global URL lists and automated AI (artificial intelligence), and underpinned by UK-regionalised categorisation obtained using 'crowd-sourced' intelligence from within its own user community.

Local control of policies is actively encouraged, while guidance is provided regarding the need for a balanced approach to filtering being combined with practical and informed support from staff, and the issues that can be encountered by establishments being either too open or too zealous within any given filtering policy.

Where policies are deemed to be effectively appropriate, but needing occasional or temporary exceptions to be applied due to changes in circumstances, WebScreen[™] 2.0 policies can be readily modified, and later returned to their otherwise normal state.

Filtering System Features

How does the filtering system meet the following principles:

| Principle | Rating | Explanation |
|--|--------|---|
| Age appropriate, differentiated filtering – includes the ability to vary filtering strength appropriate to age and role | Kating | ExplanationWebScreen™ 2.0 defaultfilter policies are appliedappropriate to theunderlying nature of afiltered establishment (i.e.Primary School, SecondarySchool, Teachers' Centre,etc.).Per User filtering is availablefor deployment across allcustomer establishments.Multiple filtering policies canbe applied, in order torecognise the needs ofdifferent groups of users, orlocations, or times of day,and/or combinations of eachof the above.Filtering policies can betailored to respondaccordingly to differentgroups of identifiedindividual users, or even asingle user. |
| Control - has the ability and ease of use that allows schools to control the filter themselves to permit or deny access to specific content | | Yes, fully configurable by appropriately authorised local establishment contacts, or their contracted support agents, via an online portal available 24x7. |
| Filtering Policy – the filtering provider publishes a rationale that details their approach to filtering with classification and categorisation as well as over blocking | | Yes, WebScreen [™] 2.0 categorises 121 distinct content categories, with descriptions of the purpose and summarised content of each, and where appropriate, the implications of access, and/or prerequisites for gaining access. |

| Identification - the filtering system should have the ability to identify users | WebScreen [™] 2.0 is fully integrated with the LGfL Shibboleth-compliant IdP, referred to as Unified Sign On (USO), which is run by support partner Atomwide. The system therefore recognises any user presenting a USO ID in response to a filtering policy generated request. |
|--|--|
| Mobile and App content – isn't limited to filtering web traffic and includes the blocking of inappropriate content via mobile and app technologies | WebScreen [™] 2.0 filters any content accessed by http and https protocols, regardless of whether content is browser or application (app) accessible, and is equally applicable to 'mobile' content accessed via an establishment's filtered infrastructure. |
| Multiple language support – the ability for the system to manage relevant languages | Yes, via the NetSweeper embedded technology, WebScreen [™] 2.0 supports multi-language filtering. |
| Network level - filtering should be applied at 'network level' ie, not reliant on any software on user devices | No local installed software, nor additional hardware, is required for client devices connected to an establishment's filtered infrastructure. |
| Reporting mechanism – the ability to report inappropriate content for access or blocking | Yes, via the online management portal, the option to suggest global re- categorisation, or request local re-categorisation, of an individual site or URL, is available to appropriately authorised local establishment contacts, or their contracted support agents. |

 Reports – the system offers clear historical information on the websites visited by your users Yes. A comprehensive range of scheduled, and ad hoc, usage reports is available from the onlinemanagement portal, for use by appropriately authorised local establishment contacts, or their contracted support agents.

Filtering systems are only ever a tool in helping to safeguard children when online and schools have an obligation to "consider how children may be taught about safeguarding, including online, through teaching and learning opportunities, as part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum".³

Please note below opportunities to support schools (and other settings) in this regard

Free training courses are offered to all schools to help them best understand and manage the filtering / policy system and interface. Alternatively, an authorised Nominated Contact can submit individual category blocking / unblocking requests via the LGfL Support Site.

LGfL also has a dedicated Safeguarding Board which works on reviewing the filtering systems from a purely safeguarding perspective. The Board also develops keyword lists based on the latest best-practice and school experience, to aid with up-to-date school-safe and school-appropriate filtering.

As part of LGfL TRUSTnet's remit to support education in schools, the online-safety portal <u>os.lgfl.net</u> provides a collated and curated portfolio of resources to help teachers, managers, parents and children learn to become effective and safe digital citizens. Many of these resources reflect the management of, rather avoidance of risk, in recognition of the dangers of overblocking.

Resources are drawn from the entire online-safety community and a variety of providers, but two LGfL resources are particularly relevant in relation to the balancing act of safeguarding vs overblocking: '<u>Counter-Extremism: narratives and conversations</u>' deals with specific online threats from exposure to extremist material and potential grooming; '<u>Trust Me</u>' (developed in partnership with Childnet) aims to engender critical-thinking skills in Primary and Secondary pupils about their online experiences (contact, content and propaganda).

PROVIDER SELF-CERTIFICATION DECLARATION

In order that schools can be confident regarding the accuracy of the self-certification statements, the supplier confirms:

- that their self-certification responses have been fully and accurately completed by a person or persons who are competent in the relevant fields
- that they will update their self-certification responses promptly when changes to the service or its terms and conditions would result in their existing compliance statement no longer being accurate or complete

³ <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2</u>

- that they will provide any additional information or clarification sought as part of the selfcertification process
- that if at any time, the UK Safer Internet Centre is of the view that any element or elements of a provider's self-certification responses require independent verification, they will agree to that independent verification, supply all necessary clarification requested, meet the associated verification costs, or withdraw their self-certification submission.

| Name | John Jackson |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| Position | Chief Executive Officer |
| Date | 20 June 2016 |
| Signature | |

Appendix 1 – web filtering category list as of 20 June 2016



Please note that this list is subject to change and that definitions of each category and the type of websites likely to be categorised accordingly can be found on the LGfL support site under the WebScreen[™] 2.0 menu.

Abortion - Prochoice Abortion - Prolife Abortions Activist/Advocacy Groups Adult Content Adult Image Advertising Adware Alcohol Alternative Lifestyles Arts & Culture Bad Link Banner/Ad Servers Blogging Bullying Classifieds **Computer Security Criminal Skills** Culinary Directory Drugs - Debate Drugs - Illegal **Drugs - Prescribed** Education **Educational Games** Email Entertainment Environmental Extreme File Sharing Forums Freeware Downloads Gambling Games Gay & Lesbian Issues General **General News** Hate Speech Host is an IP Humor Images

Infected Hosts Instant Messaging (IM) **Internet Auction Intimate Apparel Intranet Servers** Investing Job Search Journals and Blogs Legal Malformed URL Match Making Matrimonial Media Protocols Medical Medication **Misc Protocols** Music Downloads Network Unavailable New URL No Text Nudity Occult **Online Sales Open Resource Sharing** Parked Pay to Surf Peer to Peer Phishing **Phone Cards** Political Portals Profanity Proxy Anonymizer Real Estate **Redirector Page** Religion Ringtones Safe Search Sales Search Engine Search Keywords

Security Threat Self Help Sex Education SMS Messaging Social Issues and Support Social Networking Sport - Hunting and Gun Clubs Sports Streaming Media Substance Abuse Tasteless/Illegal/Questiona ble Technology Tobacco Travel Under Construction **URL** Translation Violence Viruses Voice Over IP (VOIP) Weapons Web Chat Web E-mail Web Hosting Web Storage Web-Based Chat & Email